

CALEC® MB

Heat calculator



Technical Information

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1. Advantages and applications

1.1

Applications

- As a versatile and reliable meter for district and local heating, with useful additional features for special applications and tariffs. Thanks to the CALEC® MB calculator there is virtually no limit to the combinations possible with different types of flow meters and temperature sensors
- For commercial and industrial use, and to monitor systems in energy installations.
- For the middle and upper performance ranges in heat production and distribution.
- Whenever there are demanding requirements for measuring accuracy and stability.
- As a transmitter of heat data for remote processing via the M-Bus communications channel.
- In inspection, testing and calibration systems.

1.2

Advantages

The successor to the well-proven CALEC® MCL and MCP remote heatmeters CALEC® MB complies 100% with the EN 1434 heat meter standard and EMC directives 89/336/EEC (CE certification).

Accuracy and long-term stability thanks to state-of-the-art electronics and high quality engineering. Efficient microprocessor metering system with integral data backup by EEPROM.

Compact modular design

For wall or electrical control panel mounting. Compatible with all commercially available meter boards. Output options can be installed at a later stage without damaging the calibration seal.

Illuminated text display

Since the 8-digit totalizers for energy and flow volume give an enormous metering range, only a few rated capacities are required.

For precise identification of measuring points, the unit has an electronic text display which can also be read by the M-Bus protocol (40-character ASCII string).

Data communications

Fast reading by hand-held terminal or PC via the built-in infrared interface.

Remote reading via the M-Bus interface according to EN 1434-3 at any time

Functions and parameters which are not relevant to calibration can also be newly entered or modified via the M-Bus interface at a later stage. These can also be partially protected against manipulation.

Datalogger

Energy meter readings can be stored under two freely programmable billing dates, e.g. summer time / winter time billing, or for an intermediate reading.

A built-in **logger function** records energy and flow volume readings, and flow rate and thermal power maxima for 15 different periods. These are programmable to 1 day, 2 days, 7 days, 1/2 month or 1 month, with optional integration time for computing thermal power and flow maxima.

In order to guarantee that the date-dependent datalogger functions correctly, we recommend that the optional realtime clock (2RWC) is installed.

Any errors which occur are stored, together with the duration of the error (in seconds). This means that their significance in relation to measurements can be evaluated retroactively.

The meter is powered from the mains and **needs no battery**. In case of power failure, data are saved in an EEPROM. Data security is thus equivalent to electronic roller counter type meters.

With the realtime clock option, date and time will continue functioning even after a power failure. This option can be retrofitted at any time. The clock has a standby battery which guarantees 10-years operation.

M-Bus interface according to EN 1434

(M-Bus = meter bus)

The standard data communications interface for heat meters allows remote reading, control and calibration via the communications interface. Simultaneous remote reading of other types of meter, such as gas, water or electricity is also possible with M-Bus.

2. Heat metering system design

A heat metering system comprises a flow meter, two paired temperature sensors and the metering unit. Even the best metering unit cannot compensate for errors in sensor dimensioning and installation. It is therefore strongly recommended that great care is taken with the selection and specification of the metering point.

For detailed system layout information, please refer to our general installation guidelines and to heat meter standard EN 1434 Part 6. Our specialists are at your disposal for system installation planning, thus saving you the unnecessary outlay and expense of subsequent alterations

2.1

Flow metering

As well as the usual flow meters with a pulse output, option 2AIN also makes it possible to use flow meters with an analogue output such as EM meters or orifice plates. When flow meters with a pulse output are used, the pulse value indicates the volume to which one pulse corresponds. This value should be selected as low as possible, in the interests of high resolution and continuous measurement.

The point of installation is of crucial importance since the volume-tomass conversion is performed at the temperature specified under "installation location". Because flow/return definitions can lead to misunderstandings, above all in refrigeration systems, the terms "hot side" and "cold side" are used for greater clarity. In heating systems, for example, the return flow loop is the cold side of the heat circuit. Flow meters should preferably be installed in piping sections near room temperature. This makes for greater accuracy and extends service life.

2.2

Temperature measurement

For temperature measurements, the CALEC® MB uses paired platinum temperature sensors (Pt100 to DIN IEC 751). When pairing sensors, the two most similar ones from a large number are chosen to form one pair; the maximum divergence within the pair must not exceed 0.05° C. In conformity with EN 1434-2, sensors can only be paired if they have the same type of installation and the same length.

Careful attention must also be paid to sensor installation and wiring. These are considered in section 3.3 below and in the heat meter standard EN 1434 Parts 2 and 6.

2.3

Heat calculators

Heat calculators are maintenance-free except for recalibration after expiry of the certified period. They must be easily accessible for reading, and protected against heat and electromagnetic interference.

Heat calculators must be clearly marked together with their flow meter and temperature sensor pair. This is extremely important at multiple metering points where confusion can arise.

2.4

Metering concept

Heat meters must be installed according to a systematic concept, depending on whether individual consumers are to be metered or an overall consumption balance is required.

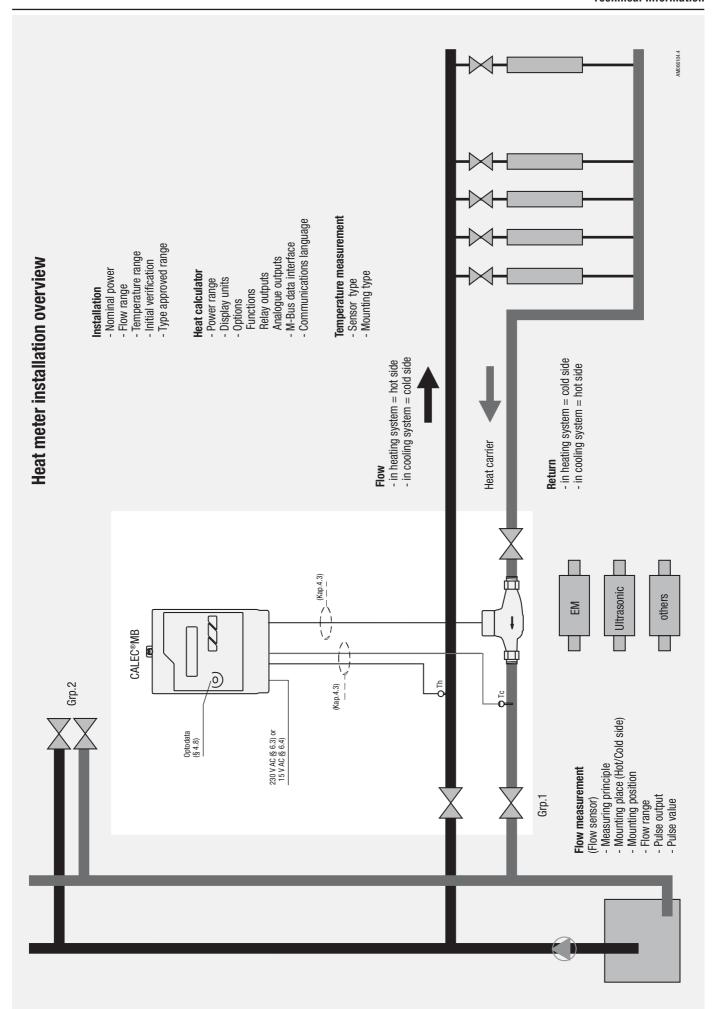
In the latter case, all part - consumers must be metered - extrapolation of unmetered components as a difference in the main measurement is not admissible since it usually causes significant errors.

2.5

Installation recommendations

The installation and commissioning of heat meters is a specialists task, demanding the greatest care and expertise. Apart from the recommendations set out here, compliance is also required with EN 1434 Part 6 guidelines and the product operating instructions. Precision requirements can only be met if the meter is installed correctly.

When meters are being installed for the first time, it is already worth remembering that, for reasons of maintenance or verification, all units comprising a system will need exchanging at a future date.



3. CALEC® MB heat calculator

3.1

Measuring principle

Thermal energy is calculated from the flow rate of the heat carrier, taking into account its physical characteristics (specific heat and density), and the difference between the forward and return flow temperatures.

3.2

Flow inputs

Flow input IN1 (terminals 10/11) allows connection of mechanical or electronical passive/active pulsers and, as an option, current signals of 0/4...20 mA.

Mechanical pulsers (such as reed switches) must be fitted with debouncing filters to prevent double counting. The debounce filter is installed during factory programming and must therefore be specified when placing an order. It limits input frequencies to about 20 Hz, i.e. it requires a minimum volumetric pulse and interval time of 25 ms.

Passive pulsers, open collector switches and NAMUR transmitters (according to DIN 19234) are powered with 8.0 V, using a current of up to 8 mA from the meter supply. Important: observe the polarity indicated on the wiring diagramme! The minimum admissible pulse and interval time is 2.5 ms, allowing input frequencies of up to 200 Hz for symmetrical pulses.

Active pulsers (current signal >3 mA) are connected via the galvanically isolated optocoupler input. The input current is limited by a constant current circuit to about 3 mA in the voltage range 5 to 30 VDC.

This ensures complete galvanic separation of the flow meter and calculator, and allows an input frequency range of up to 10 kHz with a minimum pulse and interval time of 50 $\mu s.$

3.3

Temperature measurement

Temperature measurements are made with the well-proven dual slope principle which is extremely reliable. The two sensors (Pt100) receive current pulses in rapid succession. This prevents any intrinsic heating. Sensors can be connected with the 2-wire or preferably with the 4-wire technique.

2-wire circuits

Since the wire resistance is added to the temperature measurement resistance in 2-wire circuits, unequal wire lengths can cause significant errors and unusable results. 2-wire circuits should only be used with wire lengths below 10 m. Extension leads must be exactly the same length and pass through the same cable. In all other cases, only 4-wire circuits ensure adequate precision. Extension leads must have a cross-sectional area of at least 1 mm² or preferably 1.5 mm².

4-wire sensors

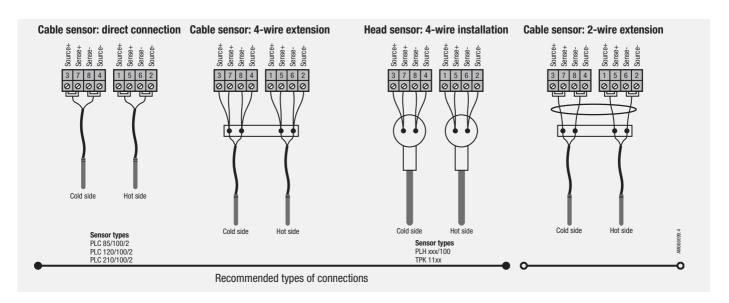
4-wire sensors are not absolutely necessary for a 4-wire circuit. A 4-wire connection between meter and sensor is sufficient, but this requires a 4-pole sensor connection box or head (see wiring diagramme).

For extensions, we recommend paired 0.8 mm \emptyset twisted telephone cable.

Extension is only admissible to 15 m, with spacing from other cables in compliance with EN 1434-6. Longer extensions are the responsibility of the operator, which must conform with the applicable CE requirements.

Connection of sensor head with threaded connection

All parallel wires (such as at terminals 3 and 7) can be connected together to the sensor head on the same terminal using a cable lug clamp.



Factory configuration

If the unit is to be used as a verified (calibrated) measuring device, all the parameters relevant to calibration have to be entered during manufacture, after which they must not be modified.

A locking mechanism inside the verification section prevents any further access to these parameters.

Apart from the data used to compute heat consumption, this particularly applies to flow meter parameter changes such as pulse value, debounce filter and point of installation, as well as the capacity range with corresponding display units.

For factory programming, values for the above data to be supplied on the specification form, are therefore mandatory.

3.5

Field configuration

The term "field configuration" is used to cover all the functions which may be modified by the user at any time without affecting the energy calculation.

In order to prevent tampering of the tariff settings by unauthorised persons, additional security is provided by the following protection concept:

Authorised persons	Authorised pers. before verification	Supplier after ve	erification	User after verific	cation
Method of protection (type of locking)	Hardware protection on calculator circuit board, sealed: Lock level 0	HW protection of board. Lock leve		Software withou Lock level 2	t protection
Possibility of setting device function	Settings with CALTOOL-P	Settings with	CALTOOL MBUSTOOL	Settings with	CALTOOL MBUSTOOL
Heat meterering functions					
Display units					
Entering pulse value	*				
Installation point of flow sensor	*				
Switching debounce filter on	*				
Billing dates 1 and 2	*		•		
Registration period	*	•	•		
Integration period	♦	•	♦		
Text field input	*		•		♦
Date-time	as desired	as d	esired	limited o	corrections
Baud rate	•		♦		•
Bus address	•		♦		•
Output option OUT 18	•		♦		•
Event counter	•		♦		•
Smoothing factor	•		♦		♦
2AIN					
BDE, BDV option					
TWIN E, TWIN V option					
DTF, ISPC option					

3.6

Menu structure pages 21-25

3.7

Meter displays

The display consists of a 2-line liquid crystal unit which has a capacity of 2 x 20 characters, with alphanumeric 7 x 11 dot matrix presentation.

been pressed. The default display is the main window which shows energy and volume totals.

For mains powered units, the display is switched on by the first key pressed, and shuts off automatically five minutes after the last key has The following displays can be called up:

Display function	Contents	Remarks	Variants
Pulse value Installed side	IPW 1,0000 l/pulse EBS Cold side	as from version 105	
Main display	E123456.12 MWh V1234567.1 m ³	Energy total Volume total	EH 123456.123456 MWh VH 123456.12345 m ³
Second metering unit (option)	E2123456.12 MWh V2 1234567.8 L or m ³	Other displays for options	
Text field for descriptions	North Central Heating Unit Main Boiler	Maximum 40 characters	
Error message	— Error —	See Error messages	
Billing date values	E 123456.12 MWh Billing date 1 30.04.97	Energy total on billing date 1 Billing date 1	additional display of E2 for options
	E 234567.34 MWh Billing date 2 30.09.97	Energy total on billing date 2 Billing date 2	additional display of E2 for options
Instantaneous values	P 83.34556 MW	Metering power	additional display of P2 and Q2 for options TWIN-E and ISPC
	Q 15.345 m³/h Temp. DT 63.2 K H 128.3 C 65.1 °C K-fact. 1.112 Wh/l/K Density 1.00498 kg/l Date 27.01.98 Time 13.45	Flow rate Temperature difference Temp. hot side/cold side K-factor Density at installation point Date Time	
	00005815 h	Service hours counter	
Data Logger (History functions) Date and number of the period now in progress	Periode 1 month Integration time 60 minutes Date 27-01-98 00 Enter Date 2 7-01-98 E 000000.00 MWh Date 27-01-98 V 0000000.0 m³ Time 04:45 15.01.98 P 2.14984 MW Time 06:13 15.01.98 Q 35.83210 m³/h Date 31-12-97 01 Enter Date 31-12-97 E 12345.00 MWh Date 31-12-97 V 123456.0 m³ Time 10:45 24.12.97 P 10.1913 MW Time 09:33 16.12.97 Q 37.46610 m³/h	Recording period Integration period Today's date Number of period now in progress Energy total during period now in progress Volume total during period now in progress Time of the maximum power in period 00 Time of highest flow rate in period 00 Finish date of period 1 Energy total at end of period 01 Volume total at end of period 01 of the maximum output in period 01 Time of the highest flow rate in period 01 Time of the highest flow rate in period 01	
Date and number of	Date 30-11-97	Finish date of period 02	
the penultimate period Date and number of period 03	02 Enter Date 31-10-97 03 Enter	Finish date of period 03	
↓ continues with 04 13 ↓			
Date and number of period 14	Date 30-11-96 14 Enter	Finish date of period 14	
	Date 30-11-96 E 000045.00 MWh Date 30-11-96	Energy total at end of period 14 Volume total at end of	
	V 000456.0 m ³ Time 10:45 24.11.96 P 10.1913 MW	period 14 Time of the maximum power in period 14	
	Time 09:33 16.11.96	Time of the highest flow rate in	

Display function	Contents		Remarks	Variants
Factory configuration	Serial number Man. date	04848109 30 .06 .96	Serial number Date of manufacture	
	CALEC MB.	Ver. 200	Type and version number	Option designation, such as
	Heat calculator		Designation	BDE / ISPC etc.
	Fluid-Nr. 000 Water		Heat carrier no. 000 Fluid designation	Other fluids availabe
		Pt100 200°C	Sensor type Sensor range	
	IN1 Term. 10/1	Impuls passiv Enter	Volume input E1 Connection terminals	
	Pulse value Max. frequency	1.00 l 20 Hz	Debounce filter switched on	
	Flow sensor location	cold side	Installation location of the volume- tric flow sensor, programmed for:	
	Inhibition of low DT	0.00 °C	Minimum temperature difference for energy calculation	additional displays for options TWIN-V, TWIN-E, ISPC, DTF, BDV, 2AIN
Field configuration Output 1	OUT 1 Term. 50/51	Relay Enter	Output assignment Connection terminals	
output 1	Pulse Pulse value	Energy1 1000. Wh	Function and assignment of its size and unit	
	Tuise value	1000. Wil	Event counter	
Output 2	OUT 2 Term. 52/53	Relay Enter	Output assignment Connection terminals	
	Alarm	Inverse	Function and assignment	
	Alarm 12345678	Inverse s	Event counter	
Output 3	OUT 3 Term. 70/71	Analogue output Enter	Output assignment Connection terminals	
	Current3 Q1 0-30.0	020mA m³/h	Current range Measuring range	
	Current3 16.08	020mA mA	Control field for output current	
Output 4	OUT 4	Analogue output	Output assignment	
	Term. 72/73	Enter	Connection terminals	
	Current4 P1 0-150	420mA kW	Current range Measuring range	
	Current4 12.8	420mA mA	Control field for output current	
Output 5 and soon	OUT 5	Event	virtual counter without	
	Term. —/ — Limit	Enter	terminals Function and assignment of its	
	Q1 25.00 Limit	m³/h	size and unit Event counter, duration for	
M Due	01853420	\$	which limit value is exceeded	
M-Bus		Adr. 000	Baud rate 2400 Terminals + M-Bus address	
Language	Language	English Change Enter	Language selection	
	Deutsch Français			
	Italiano			
Status test	IN1 f = 4.88 t = 000		Vol. pulse frequency at IN1 Time since last pulse	Additional display for IN2 for options TWIN-V, TWIN-E, ISPC, DTF, BDV, 2AIN
	Lock Level 1 MBus access 0000)4371	Lock level status Access counter	
Display test	#############	###############	#	

N.B. The listed parameters and values are by way of example only and do not necessarily represent standard settings.

Error messages on the display

On the main display, errors are indicated alternately on line 1 and line 2. The error menu provides a more detailed plain text description. The table which follows contains a selection of possible error types:

HW Temp Alarm (Cold)	Sensor error, cold side (short circuit, breakage, jumpers missing)	
HW Temp Alarm (Hot)	Sensor error, hot side (short circuit, breakage, jumpers missing)	
Delta-T Alarm	Temperature difference outside of range -10 +200°C	
SW Temp Alarm (Cold)	Temperature alarm, cold side (value outside of the measuring range)	
SW Temp Alarm (Hot)	Temperature alarm, hot side (value outside of the measuring range)	
Relay overflow (as from version 105)	Relay switching frequency exceeded	
Option Alarm	Programming does not match hardware	
Overflow Alarm	Power or flow capacity exceeded	
Undervoltage Alarm	Supply voltage is too low, e.g. for bus supply	
Overvoltage Alarm	Supply voltage is too high	
Namur breakage	Namur pulser is faulty or broken, I<0.2 mA	
Analogue input	Analogue input card (2AIN) is not available or is faulty	

M-Bus error messages

The M-Bus protocol contains error messages in coded form.

3.8

M-Bus communications interface

The CALEC® MB incorporates the standardised M-Bus interface (in conformity with EN 1434-3), featuring variable data format which enables all the parameters to be read out. The same interface can also be used to program the enabled auxiliary functions and options with the help of the Aquametro-CALTOOL and MBUSTOOL software. Bidirectional optocouplers are used to isolate the bus with the interface from the unit. The M-Bus connection is made to terminals 24 / 25, regardless of polarity.

The optical interface conforms electrically and mechanically with the ZVEI standard, IEC 1107 (EN61107), but it supports the M-Bus protocol in conformity with EN 1434.

3.9

Auxiliary power output

An 18 VDC auxiliary power supply, galvanically isolated from the calculator, is available on terminals 64 (+) and 65 (-) with current capacity up to 100 mA. This is intended e.g. for powering 4 analogue outputs or one 2-wire flow sensor with pulse output.

4. Options

Slots are provided on the base circuit board for option cards which, when inserted, have no effect on the calibrated part of the meter. The unit recognizes each option card inserted and indicates the type and terminal allocation on the display.

Socket No.	Output	Terminals	Output	Terminals
Socket 1	OUT 1	No. 50 / 51	0UT 2	No. 52 / 53
Socket 2	OUT 3	No. 70 / 71	OUT 4	No. 72 / 73
Socket 3	OUT 5	No. 74 / 75	OUT 6	No. 76 / 77
Socket 4	OUT 7	No. 78 / 79	0UT 8	No. 80 / 81

Relay card 2RNC

This incorporates two switching contacts to which any parameters can be allocated via the interface.

These solid state relays have a switching capacity of up to 100 mA AC or DC at 50 V .

Function allocations can be modified at any time via the M-Bus interface.

The following programming options are available:

- Pulse functions: as output contact for adjustable energy and flow volume pulses. Pulse duration is about 1 second. For fast pulse trains, the pulse duration is decreased to the max. pulse frequency of 16 Hz with equal pulse and interval times (see "Relay overflow" error message).
- Status functions: as limiting value (GW) relay for monitoring flow (Q), power (P), inflow and outflow temperatures (H or C) or temperature difference (D). Limits can be selected with or without switching hysteresis. If a hysteresis (GH) function with separate reswitching value (smaller) is selected, this must be specified additionally.
- Alarm function: as alarm contact for signalling a heat meter error, optionally as closing (AE) or opening (AA) alarm contact.

4.2

Relay card with realtime clock 2RWC

The function of this card is identical to relay card 2RNC except that it has an additional battery-powered clock module for data and time recording (without automatic switchover between winter and summer time) making it mains power failure proof. The battery is soldered onto the card and lasts about ten years. The date and time are set via the M-Bus interface.

Time deviations without change of date can be corrected once per month with the keypad on the front panel (e.g. summer/winter time changeover). Only one clock card can be inserted per meter.

The card (including battery) can be installed and removed without damaging the calibration seals.

4.3

Analogue output card 2AOU

This card incorporates two current outputs (galvanically isolated from the heat meter), which are freely programmable.

These outputs require a **separate** voltage supply, and are available in either active or passive versions. The passive version requires a current supply (internal or external) connected to the terminals. In active mode the internal auxiliary power supply is loaded at 25 mA per channel.

The maximum load resistance depends on the supply voltage. If the internal auxiliary power supply is used, the maximum load resistance is 600 Ohm.

Technical specifications	
Voltage range (passive)	525 VDC from external auxiliary source 18 V from internal auxiliary source
Current range Maximum load Resolution	420 mA (020 mA with limitations 1) $R_L(0hm)$ max. = (Us - 5)/0,02 A 12 bits
Max. converter error	0.15% of actual value + 0.15% of full scale
Measured variable	Power, flow rate, temperature H, C, D Additional parameters for the options TWIN E, ISPC

¹⁾ Operation with 0 to 20 mA (e.g. for generating a 0 to 10 V output on a 500 0hm resistor) is possible but subject to one limitation: Due to residual current requirements of the output circuit, the minimum current cannot be less than 200µA, thus raising the zero point.

Parameters and ranges can be programmed at any time via the interface. These are not subject to verification.

Double analogue input 2AIN

Application

To process analogue current signals from flow and pressure sensors for heat measurement.

The unit has two independent 0/4..20 mA inputs and is accommodated in the cover (together with the calculator circuit board). Of all the hardware options, this is the only one which cannot be retrofitted.

Required information

When ordering, please supply the following information for each input:

• Zero point of the range (0 or 4 mA)

• Unit of measurement (flow rate in m³/h, t/h)

• Flow rate at which signals should be suppressed $\leq \dots m^3/h$

Technical data

The accuracy requirements for energy measurements are defined in the Heat Meter Standard, EN 1434:1997 as a function of the declared minimum temperature difference. It is assumed there that the volume input to the calculator is error-free, although this is only true for weighted pulses (litres per pulse).

The analogue signal represents a flow rate (volume per unit of time) which has to be converted into volume units by the calculator. The error which occurs as a result of this, and the inaccuracy of the current measurements, are transferred to the calculator as additional errors. These must not cause the permissible error of the calculator to be exceeded.

Because of the measuring uncertainty of the A/D converter, a short circuited or opened input can also be registered as (low) flow. Such errors can be prevented with the flow rate suppression cut-off option mentioned above. If no value is indicated, a default of 0.75% \mathbf{Q}_{max} is programmed.

4.5

Control and tariff input DTF

Parallel energy metering can take place on a second counter E2 if a 5 to 30 VDC supply is connected to the control input IN2. For example, control input IN2 can be activated by an external tariff signal, or by an internally programmed threshold value which is dependent on a time value or a limit value via an output signal from the plug-in relay card. The main meter E1 is not affected by this function.

4.6

Pulse counter input ISPC

(ISPC = independent secondary pulse counter)

Input IN2 serves in this version for counting pulses from a second source independent of the main meter. The reading can be displayed on the meter itself or via the M-Bus, and is designated "flow 2" with unit I.

Application: as separate meter for water, gas, electricity, etc. for remote reading.

The pulse input can be connected to the following pulsers:

Contact pulsers

Reed or relay contacts (switches). The maximum pulse frequency is 50 Hz.

Current range

0/4 .. 20 mA

Software is used to make the adaptation to 4 - 20 mA. Linear signal characteristic.

Measuring error

0.005% of actual value + 0.005% of full scale.

Input resistance

This is designed so that the maximum voltage drop across the input is less than 3V (Ri \leq 120 0hm + 0.6 V)

No galvanic isolation: The analogue input is not galvanically isolated from the basic unit. The negative wire is connected to the unit's earth.

Calibration

Software is used to perform the calibration. For analogue values 0/4 mA and 20 mA, the corresponding digital values for both channels are stored in an EEPROM on the analogue input card.

Overload protection

The inputs are protected against overloads in the range from -5 V to ± 40 mA.

Initial Verification

The initial verification is always performed in conjunction with the calculator.

Because the unit is contained in the same cover as the calculator circuit board, sealing protects the settings against manipulation.

Caution: This option cannot be used at the same time as the ISPC option described below.

Namur or open collector pulsers

Here too, the maximum input frequency is 50 Hz but, if necessary, a 64:1 divider can be switched on during factory configuration. In this case, the maximum frequency is limited to 200 Hz by a filter. The divider has no influence on the metering result, but it does degrade the resolution.

Active pulser, frequency pulser

(galvanically isolated via optocoupler)

The 64:1 divider is always switched on and the maximum frequency is 1000 Hz.

For remote signalling of an alarm that is independent of the heat meter, the signal status of input IN2 can be monitored and transmitted instead of using it as a counter.

Application: for remote monitoring and alarm signalling of other devices in AMBUS® systems.

Enthalpy and density data for other heat carriers, FLX / FLU

If other heat carriers are used instead of water their enthalpies and densities must be known so that the configuration data can be adapted accordingly. At the present time data for more than 130 heat carriers in various mixtures are available in our database. Information is available upon request.

Heat meters for heat carriers other than water cannot be officially calibrated.

Designation:

FLU = heat carrier included in existing database.

Art. No. 81'625

FLX = heat carrier must be newly calculated and added to database.

Art. No. 81'626

For new heat carriers, data for specific heat (enthalpy) and density (specific weight) must be specified for at least 4 temperatures within the designated operating temperature range.

4.8

RS232 Communications interface

This optional module requires a free socket on the basic circuit board. It supports 300 to 9600 baud. The interface is powered by the auxiliary supply (loading 25 mA) and therefore galvanically isolated from the basic unit

The signals for GND, TXD and RXD are available at the connection terminals. A signal of +10V (which can be used as DTR or RTS) is applied at a fourth connection terminal. Half-duplex communication is used; however, transmission and reception use separate channels.

The protocol used is identical to the M-Bus protocol defined in EN 1434-3:1997 and IEC 870-5.

Example

RS232 in socket 1

Socket 1	Term. 50	Term. 51	Term. 52	Term. 53
RS232	TXD	RXD	GND	+10V

4.9

RS485 Communications interface

This optional module requires a free socket on the basic circuit board. It supports 300 to 9600 baud.

The interface is powered by the auxiliary supply (loading 50 mA) and it is galvanically isolated from the calculator.

Half-duplex communication is used. Transmission and reception use the same channel.

The protocol used is identical to the M-Bus protocol defined in EN 1434-3:1997 and IEC 870-5.

Example

RS485 in socket 4

Socket 4	Term. 78	Term. 79	Term. 80	Term. 81
RS485	B +	В -	•	•

4.10

Bidirectional measurements, BDE (dependent on temperature difference)

If a heat transport circuit with one direction of flow is used to heat as well as to cool, positive and negative temperature differences will occur alternately. The cooling energy (prefixed with a negative sign) is calculated in the same way as for the heating energy. When the prefixed sign changes ($\Delta T < 0 K$), the calculator switches over to an additional energy metering register, E-. For monitoring purposes, the volume is also registered as V- during the negative phase.

Applications

Measurement of energy exchange (draw / supply) for interlinked networks, accumulators, etc.; geothermal heat, latent heat accumulators, air conditioning supply

4.11

Bidirectional measurements, BDV (dependent on direction of flow)

To measure energy in circuits with an alternating direction of flow. The flow must be recorded with a sensor which recognises the forward and reverse directions. In addition to the volume signal output, this sensor must be fitted with one additional direction signal output. Example: EM and ultrasonic flow sensors.

Application

Measurement of energy exchange (draw / supply) for interlinked networks, charging / discharging in heat accumulators (loading boilers, earth accumulators, ice accumulators, latent heat accumulators, air conditioning convectors and heat exchangers)

Twin calculator TWIN E

Double heat meter with two separate heat calculators using the same temperature values for both calculations.

This variant can be a cost effective way of replacing a second heat meter if two different flow sensors are installed in one common heat circuit. The TWIN E-calculator cannot be officially calibrated (in Germany). For applications which are subject to mandatory calibration, it is therefore necessary to use separate heat meters.

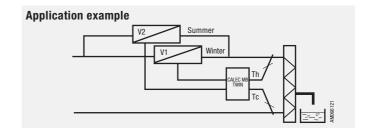
Application Energy and flow measurements in a lossy hydraulic circuit

4.13

Twin calculator TWIN V

The TWIN V is used so that two parallel operating flow sensors with identical or different designs, sizes and pulse values, can be connected to one heat meter with common temperature measurement points (one pair of sensors). This is done in order to extend the flow rate range (for example: summer / winter operation).

Individual installation of the two flow sensors on the cold or hot side is possible.



4.14

Combination of options

Options RS232, RS485, 2AOU, 2RNC and 2RWC each require one socket. The extent to which they can be combined is therefore limited by the number of sockets.

The following rules also apply:

- the maximum number of interface cards is one
- the maximum number of analogue output cards is two at the same time, or one analogue output card and one interface card
- the maximum number of relay cards is three of which no more than one may have a clock component.

On the terminals, the current available at the auxiliary voltage output is:

- 100 mA
- 75 mA with RS232 card installed
- 50 mA with RS485 card installed

5. Technical data

Analogue output card 2AOU

Interface card RS232

5. Technical data		
Heat meter calculator		
Temperature measurement range		T 0°C 200°C
Temperature difference range		ΔT 0 200 K
Pattern approved operating range		T 5°C 180°C
Pattern approved temperature differen	ce range	ΔT 3 175 K
Temperatur sensor type, Connection s Sensor cable length	tyle	Pt100 according to IEC 751, two or four-wire Tested to 15 m
Energy display units Display capacity		kWh - MWh MJ - GJ 99'999'999
Maximum thermal power		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		30'000 MW / GJ/h
Volume display units		m³ or MI (Megaliter)
Display capacity		99'999'999
Measuring and calculation time interva-	al	~ 2 sec.
Time between inspections		10 years
Accuracy class		EN 1434-1 / OIML CI. 4
Measuring and calculation error		$\leq 0.5\%$ at $\Delta T \geq 3K$
-		
Power supply and interfaces		220 V (. 10. 150/) 50 Hz, 15 VA
Mains supply		230 V (+10-15%) 50 Hz, 15 VA, fully isolated
Supply via AMBUS®-network		1624 V DC or 1218 V AC 50/60Hz
Communications interface on the calcu		Optical interface acc. to EN1434-3 with M-Bus protocol IEC 870-5
Communications interface at the M-Bu	is terminals	M-Bus protocol according to EN 1434-3 (IEC 870-5), galvanic isolation
Flow rate input		
Flow pulse input for - Contact pulser - Open collector pulser		Duration of pulse \geq 25 ms Duration of pulse \geq 2.5 ms
- Namur pulser (DIN 19234) - Active pulsers via optocoupler input		Duration of pulse \geq 2.5 ms Duration of pulse \geq 50 μ s, max. 10 kHz, 530 V, \geq 5 mA
Programmable pulse values		0.001 ml 100 m³ with a resolution of 0.001 ml
Analogue input for flow rate (option)		020 mA or 420 mA, linear signal progression Input resistor 120 Ω , no galvanic isolation
Maximum flow rate		100'000 m ³ /h
Flow transmitter mounting position		Cold or hot side
•	n.	One of first state
2nd Flow rate or control input (option	onal)	
Control input	ON OFF	with active signal via the optocoupler input 530 V, \geq 5 mA with closed contact no active signal with open contact
Flow pulse input for		
- Contact pulser		max. 50 Hz, no debounce filter
- Open collector pulser		max. 50 Hz, with 64:1 divider max. 200 Hz
- Namur pulser (DIN 19234)		max. 50 Hz, with 64:1 divider max. 200 Hz
- Active pulsers via optocoupler input		Duration of pulse \geq 50 µs, max. 1 kHz, 530 V, \geq 5 mA
Programmable pulse values		0.001 ml 100 m³ with a resolution of 0.001 ml
Analogue input for flow rate (option)		020 mA or 420 mA, linear signal progression
		Input resistor 120 Ω , no galvanic isolation
Flow sensor mounting position		Cold or hot side (with option Twin E only)
Output functions (optional)		
Relay output card 2RWC, 2RNC		two solid state contacts, potential-free max. values 50 V AC/DC, 100 mA, Ron \leq 20 Ω , Roff \geq 1 M Ω

output current 0...4 mA or 4...20 mA Supply 5...24 VDC, RL max at 24 V = 950 Ω

galvanically isolated, to be operated actively or passively,

300...9600 baud half duplex, max. cable length 15 m

Heat calculator

The CALEC® MB heat calculator is completed as a combined heat meter with water as the heat conveying liquid by adding the subassemblies of two separately matched and approved platinum temperature sensors and a separately verified flow sensor.

The amount of water flowing is recorded by means of volume proportional pulses or flow rate proportional analogue signals (0/4...20mA). It is converted into mass units by the calculator using the temperature of the water in the flow sensor.

From the resistance values of the temperature sensors and the heat carrier properties, the enthalpy difference is calculated and multiplied by the previously determined mass. The result is stored in a data-secured memory (EEPROM) and at the same time appears on the 8-digit LC display as total energy consumption in kWh, MWh or MJ, GJ.

The calculator is equipped as standard with a galvanically isolated M-Bus interface, complying with the EN 1434-3 (IEC 870-5 protocol) standard, which is available both on the housing cover as an infra-red transmitter and on connecting terminals.

5.2

Voltage supply

According to choice, voltage can be supplied to the CALEC® MB either at 230V AC, or via the AMBUS® network. Both types of supply may be provided at the same time. The display, the auxiliary voltage, and the RS232 and RS485 options cannot be supplied over the AMBUS® network.

Operation via the AMBUS® network is not permissible when the device is subject to mandatory calibration.

5.3

Connection of flow sensor

Flow input IN1 (terminals 10/11) allows connection of passive or active pulsers. Units are configured according to order.

To a limited extent, the input variants can be selected on site. The necessary information is given in the operating instructions.

5.4

Connection of temperature sensors

2-wire connections

The temperature sensor wires are connected to terminals 7/8 (cold side) or terminals 5/6 (hot side).

Important: The four metal jumpers on the sensor terminals must be connected according to the wiring diagramme, otherwise temperature measurements cannot be made.

4-wire connections

The temperature sensor wires are connected to terminals 3+7/4+8 (cold side) or terminals 1+5/2+6 (hot side). The metal jumpers on the sensor terminals must be removed and individual wires connected to all 8 sensor terminals.

Reversal of the "source" and "sense" wires on the same side of the sensor has no detrimental effect.

5.5

Installation modes

The following standard installation modes are available:

- Wall mounting with supplied DIN rail
- · Wall mounting directly with screws

- Wall mounting on existing CALEC® bracket
- Panel mounting with panel mounting bracket
- Panel mounting as replacement for CALEC® MCL/MCP

6. Testing / calibration

6.1

Testing

For testing and verification purposes the meter is fitted with a high-resolution display for total energy and flow. By pressing the "UP" and "DOWN" keys simultaneously, the display changes to high-resolution mode, with four extra digits corresponding to an additional factor of 10000. Pressing any key returns the display to standard mode.

Testing can also take place via the optical interface on the housing cover or terminals 24/25 using the M-Bus protocol according to EN 1434-3. In both cases the M-Bus interface is galvanically isolated and free of any electrical feedback.

6.2

Sealing and verification points

The verification mark is placed on the front panel of the meter (outer surface of cover).

The calibration seal prevents unauthorized access to the verified part of the meter by covering the interior cover fixing screws. Factory seals protect the connection zone of the meter after commissioning by covering the access screws on the outside of the cover.

6.3

Official calibration approval

The CALEC® MB has been approved according to EN 1434. In Switzerland and Germany, it has been authorised for commercial use in applications requiring mandatory calibration.

Options BDE, BDV, TWIN E and TWIN V cannot be officially calibrated in Germany. EN 1434 does not cover applications of this sort. If an official test is nevertheless required, a special test can be carried out by the responsible calibration authority which, in practical terms, is equivalent to a calibration.

Approval testing also covers all currently valid safety and electromagnetic compatibility requirements. The meter is therefore designated with the CE mark.

6.4

Note regarding official calibration requirements

Verified heat meters are subject to supervision by national calibration authorities and must be re-verified before expiry of the calibration validity period (usually 5 years).

In some countries (such as Germany and Switzerland) large-scale meters >10 MW are exempted from calibration.

Verification covers all units comprising a heat meter, i.e. the calculator unit, flow sensor and both temperature sensors.

The heat meter operator is responsible for complying with recalibration requirements.

Technical Information

7. Miscellaneous

7.1

Accessories

- Installation accessories according to order list (section 8).
- Temperature sensors, sensor immersion sleeves, sensor connection sockets according to separate documentation.
- Flow sensors for heat meters according to separate documentation.
- Reading heads and units (HHU) including software.
- Accounting software available on request.
- M-Bus communications software for reading and parameterizing by PC.
- MBUSTOOL, CALTOOL

7.2

Guarantee and operating life

The period for which a CALEC® MB can be used until the first inspection is 10 years. Even heat meters which are not subject to mandatory calibration should be checked after a 5-year period in use since, in particular, wear and contamination of the flow sensor can cause sub-

stantial measuring errors. The information about the periods of use is based on experience.

Warranty is according to the general terms of delivery.

8. Ordering data

Ordering data for CALEC® MB heat calculator.

8.1

Basic unit

CALEC® MB	Power supply	Temp. sensors	Output options	Type designation	Order No.	
MB-2S	230 V AC or AMBUS®	Pt100	2 sockets	MB 2S	93360	
MB-4S	230 V AC or AMBUS®	Pt100	4 sockets	MB 4S	93361	31616-7

The basic unit does not include any relays!

8.2

Hardware options (as additional order items)

Outputs	Cards	2 Relays with clock	2RWC	81620
		2 Relays without clock	2RNC	81621
		RS232C interface	RS232	81668
		RS485 interface	RS485	81669
		2 analogue outputs	2A0U	81622
Analogue inpu	ts	2 analogue inputs	2AIN	81667
Mounting acces	ssories	Mounting kit for front panel	MPM	81627
		Conversion kit, wall CALEC® MCL/MCP to MB	CWM	81628
		Conversion kit, front panel CALEC® MCL/MCP to MB	CPM	81629
Optical head		Optical reading head	OCI 9600	93376

Only 1 card with clock is possible per unit

8.3

Software options (additional order items)

Functions	Control and tariff input	DTF	81623	
	Pulse collector input	ISPC	81624	
	Heat carrier other than water	FLU	81625	
	New heat carrier: to be programmed	FLX	81626	
	Bidirectional measurement (ΔT-dependent)	BDE	81663	
	Bidirectional measurement (dependent on direction of flow)	BDV	81664	
	Double calculator (2 flow sensors)	TWIN-E	81665	
	Double calculator (volume totalisation)	TWIN-V	81666	
PC software	Reading and programming software	CALT00L	81648	
	ditto, with Lock level 0 functions	CALTOOL-P	81657	

All other device and programming data must be indicated on the CALEC® MB specification form.

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Mainmenu

Option BDE and BDV

Display on current input (opt.)
IN1current 0...20 mA
EBS cold side

EH+ 02216.1608 kWh VH+ 0259.425303 m3

→ +

E+ 00002216. kWh V+ 000259.42 m3

EH- 02216.1608 kWh VH- 0153.873500 m3

			Date xx.xx.xx Exit 14 Enter Enter	Date xx.xx.xx E1 00002216. kWh	xx.xx.xx 000000942. m3		P1 3.75956 MW Time 00:00 xx.xx.xx Option Twin-V O 1.238545 m3/h Only Time 00:00 xx.xx.xx Option Twin-E Option	Exit				
			4 Infofield	4 Infofelder		Exit Enter		English Exit	Deutsch Enter	English Enter Français	Italiano	Enter
				4 Infofelder		ΔΤ 0.00 °C		Language Aende	Exit	i i		Exit
			Date xx.xx.xx xx Enter	4 Infofelder	current input 2 only (opt	Q2 0.000 m3/h		Time count M-Bus BAUD = 2400 Enter KI. 24/25 Adr. 000				
			xx.xx.xx Enter	4 Infofelder 4	on current input 2 only (opt.)	Q 1.000 m3/h	_	OUT10 KI/	Function			
			Date xx.xx.xx Date 07 Enter 08	4 Infofield	on current input 2 only (opt.)	INZ CURTENT UZUMA KI. 56/57 Enter 20mA->24.000 m3/h	linea	OUT9 Time count Kl/ Enter	Function			
			Date xx.xx.xx Date 07 Enter 07	4 Infofield	200	Enter Enter	max.frequency 50 Hz linear	0UT8 xxxxxx KI. 80/81 Enter	Function			
		Exit Enter	Date xx.xx.xx Date 05 Enter 06	4 Infofield	reiston acceptance	Flow sensor location cold side		0UT7 xxxxx Kl. 78/79 Enter	Function			
		Total working time xxxxxxxx h	Date xx.xx.xx Date 04 Enter 05	4 Infofield	on current input only (opt.)	IN I Current 0ZOMA KI. 10/11 Enter 20mA->30.000 m3/h	linear	xxxxxx 7 Enter	Function	Exit		
	Exit Control on Enter Control Exit Enter E	Date 11.05.98 Time 10.25 10.25 11.05.98 Edit: Up, Down	Date xx.xx.xx 03 Enter	4 Infofield	on pulse input only	INI puise xxxxxx IN Ki. 10/11 Enter Ki puise value 1.0000 20	max.frequency200 Hz linear	0UT5 xxxxxx 0UT6 Kl. 74/75 Enter Kl. 76/7	Function	Lock level 1		
	Exit Enter Et		xx.xx.xx Enter	4 Infofield		T 0200°C	_	xxxxxx Enter	Function	on current input 2 only (opt.)		
	Display on error only Exit E	0.975246 MW Temp. AT 175.04 K k=act 1.1770 Wh/l/K 4.682 m3/h H 180.0 C 4.9 °C Density 1.00068 kg/l	Date xx.xx.xx Date	4 Infoffeld	S	8		OUT3 xxxxxx OUT4 r KI. 70/71 Enter KI. 72/73	Function	IN 2 f = 0.00 Hz		
>	Dispise on error only no fault HW temp. alarm (hot) Enter [Exit Enter Exit Enter 271 KWh E.g. 00000026, kWh (0.06.97 Bill date 1 30.06.97	P2 02	Date xx.xx.xx 00 Enter	4 Infofield		CALEC MB Ver. 200 Fluid number Twin-E calculator water or Twin V calculator		0UT2 xxxxxx KI. 52/53 Enter	Function	on current input only (opt.) IN1 I = 12.16 mA		
Sub-menu Dispiny on cument topid (cest) INT current 020 mA EBS cold side CH1 02216.1608 kWh HT1 0259.425303 m3 HT2 10216.1608 kWh HT2 10216.1608 kWh HT3 10259.837530 m3	Exit no fault Erit no0000321, kWh Bill date 1 30,06,97	P 3,759526 MW Q 18,247 m3/h	Period monthly Integr.lap 15 min	4 Infofield	Occiol Mr 00704000	Man. date 31.05.97		0UT1 xxxxxx Kl. 50/51 Enter	Function	on pulse input only IN 1 f = 5.06 Hz + - AMORODOR		Keys up + down OK Exit Enter
Deption Twin E and Twin V Mainmenu	Fror message Enter Billing date Enter C	Instantaneous values Enter	Data Logger Enter	25	En adore , nondin	Factory config.	→	Field configuration Enter	7	↑ Andrew	_	***********

Optional fields Display on option Twin E only

☐ 20 min

10. Programming sheet Customer ___ □ current signal □ 0...20 mA □ 4...20 mA for description on packaging Object _ corresponding Q = _____ to ____ m^3/h surpression of Q at \leq _ Order-No. ______ Date _____ Measuring point _____ Mounting place of flow meter □ cold side □ hot side Distributor _____ Date _____indication on nameplate Salesman Input 2 (Please specify in case of TWIN E. TWIN V and ISPC) Remarks _ ☐ Reed open collector, NAMUR (passive) pulses ☐ active (5-30 V/ 5 mA) Date of delivery___ pulse value ☐ ml CALEC® MB 2S Pcs Part No. 93360.00 CALEC® MB 4S Pcs Part No. 93361.00 ☐ frequency (active 5-30 V / 5 mA, max 1000 Hz) 2 RWC Pcs Part No. 81620.00 max. 1 p/CALEC® 1) range Fmin ______ - Fmax _____ max. 3 p/CALEC® 1) 2 RNC Pcs Part No. 81621.00 corresponding Q = _____ to ____ m^3/h max. 2 p/CALEC® 1) 2A0U Pcs Part No. 81622.00 max. 1 p/CALEC® 1) RS232 Pcs Part No. 81668.00 □ current Signal □ 0...20 mA □ 4...20 mA (not with ISPC) max. 1 p/CALEC® 1) RS485 Pcs Part No. 81669.00 corresponding Q = _____ to ____ m^3/h surpression of Q at \leq _____ m^3/h max. 1 p/CALEC® 1) 2AIN Pcs Part No. 81667.00 DTF Pcs Part No. 81623.00 Mounting place of second flow meter (programming for TWIN E only) ISPC Pcs Part No. 81624.00 cold side ☐ hot side Pcs Part No. 81625.00 FLU No. Temp. Min Max FI X Pcs Part No. 81626.00 Language Nameplate □ D □ E □ F □ I □ other: BDE Pcs Part No. 81663.00 Display text BDV Pcs Part No. 81664.00 TWIN E Pcs Part No. 81665.00 Energy: power range and display units TWIN V Pcs Part No. 81666.00 2nd display Twin E 30 MW 00000000 kWh up to MPM Pcs Part No. 81627.01 front panel ☐ up to 30 MW 0000=000 MWh MCP/L => MB MS Wall Pcs Part No. 81628.00 ☐ up to 30'000 MW 00000000 MWh MCP/L => MB Pcs Part No. 81629.01 MS Rack 00000000 30 GJ/h MJ up to) for possible combinations see technical information VD 3-161 up to 30 GJ/h 00000=000 GJ up to 30 TJ/h 00000000 GJ Heat carriers ☐ water nothers: Approval □ D □ CH □ D/CH \square A others Flow: flow rate range and display units Initial verification $\ \square$ no yes up to 300 m³/h 000000=00 m^3 3'000 m³/h 0000000 0 up to m^3 Adress M-Bus standard 000 (1-250) ___ up to 30'000 m³/h 00000000 m^3 pulses □ Reed open collector, NAMUR (passive) Billing date 1 □ 30.06. □ 31.12. □ ☐ active (5-30 V/ 5 mA) Billing date 2 □ 30.06. □ 31.12. □ pulse value \square m³ □ ml Datalogger period none frequency (active 5-30 V / 5 mA) □ 1 day □ 2 days □ 7 days □ 14 days □ 1 month range Fmin ______ - Fmax _____ Hz corresponding Q = _____ to _____ m³/h Peak value acquisition integration time □ 15 min □ 30 min □ 60 min □ 120 min Relav Relav Pulses Limiting value Limiting value with hysteresis = GH outputs without hysteresis = GW P=Power Q=Flow rate H=Temp. hot side E = Energymeas. variable: AA = off by alarmC=Temp, cold side D=Temp, difference AE = on by alarm V = Volume 2RNC Function Off value Pulse On value 2RWC E/V value Units GW / GH Inst. value GH and GW GH only Units | Function AA or AE Socket No. Socket No. Socket No. Analogue Instantaneous value functions outputs Measured variables: P=Power Q=Flow rate H=Temp, hot side C=Temp, cold side D=Temp, difference Output signal Output 0 or 4 mA 20 mA Analogue 0-20 / 4-20 mA active=A / passive=P Meas. variable corresponds to Units corresponds to Socket 2A0U -20 mA □ A □ P No.

☐ RS485

 \square 2 sec (standard) \square 15 sec \square 30 sec \square 1 min \square 3 min

Socket

Socket No.

No.

2A0U

-20 mA

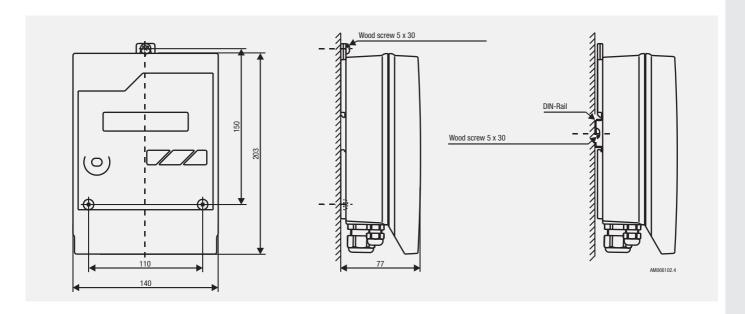
Analogue outputs reaction time

Communication options

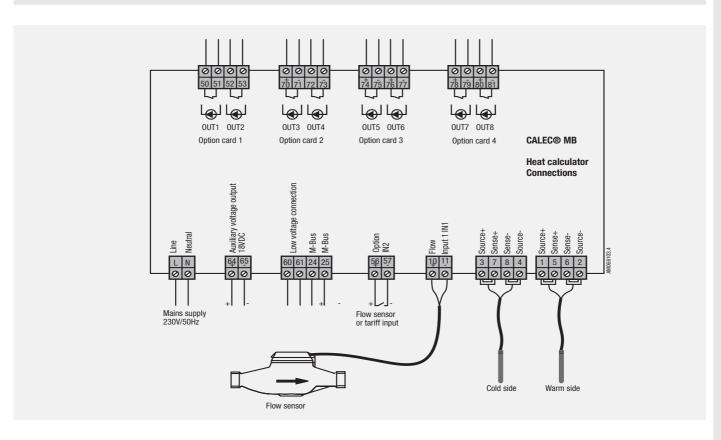
□ A □ P

☐ RS232

11. Device dimensions



12. Connections





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